11th Grade Checklist for College Planning

(2020 coronavirus edition)

🕞 going merry

Fall	Take your practice standardized test, and decide on ACT vs. SAT. - Take the PSAT in October. Taking this test qualifies you for the National Merit Scholars program, which could earn you money for college. - Decide which test highlights your strengths more, the SAT or ACT. (Note: Some colleges won't even require test scores, so depending on your college list, you might get to choose "neither.") Begin your scholarship search. As busy as junior year seems, it gets even crazier senior year! So start applying for scholarships now. Get a personalized scholarship list by signing up for Going Merry. (It's free!)	Keep involved, and begin to lead. Try to gain leadership roles in your extracurricular, sports, or community service activities. If you haven't joined any student clubs, now is the time! Evaluate your tertiary education options. You could go to a vocational-technical school, a career college, a two-year community college, a four-year university/college, or a military college. Decide on a general path forward. College athletics (if applicable) If you want to play Division I or II sports in college, start the certification process. Check that your courses meet the NCAA curriculum requirements.
Winter	Register for the SAT/ACT and begin studying for it (if applicable) You can get free practice tools at satpractice.org, or Google for free practice tests of either type. Also check with your counselor on how to request free test fee waivers if you are lower-income. Explore SAT subject tests and AP tests. Depending on your course load, you might want to take these in the Spring, when the material is still fresh in your mind. Continue applying for scholarships. There are deadlines throughout the year, so even if you took a look in the Fall, take a second look now.	Research college majors and careers. Knowing what you want to study can help you choose the rest of your high school classes, narrow down colleges (to ones with your intended major), and write your college essays next year. Learn about colleges & their affordability. Check out college websites, and download (or request mailed) catalogs. Try to get a sense of what matters to you in a college (for example: size, location, sports, religious affiliation). And don't forget to research their costs of attendance. To help, Going Merry has information about select financial aid programs.
Spring	Ask for Letters of Recommendation (LORs). Most schools require 1-2 teacher LORs, and some schools also allow you to submit LORs from other adults, like employers, sports coaches, activity leaders, or other mentors. Here's some advice on deciding whom to ask and what info to give them. Create a target college long-list. This should include a longer list of 15-20 schools that you'll slim down, as you do more research on over the summer. Make sure to include a mix of reach, match, and safety schools. You can use this	Line up your summer plans. This might be a job, internship, course, or summer camp. (Want to corona-proof your summer plans? Consider taking accredited online courses.) Continue applying for scholarships. Need essay inspiration? Read examples of winning essays, and then apply for scholarships yourself. Reschedule the SAT/ACT (if applicable) Spring test dates have been cancelled. The next dates are: SAT (6/6, 8/29) and ACT (6/13, 7/18).

Monitor athletic recruiting (if applicable)

end of April. Keep updated if this affects you.

The NCAA has put in-person scouting on hold until

template. Also, make sure you think about college

Calculators, and check out financial aid information

affordability from the beginning. Use Net Price

on Going Merry.

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	College Applications Prep	Financial Aid & Scholarships
Summer	Continue researching colleges. Continue looking at college websites for information. If you can't physically visit the campuses, consider doing virtual tours (videos) and joining online information sessions. Take the ACT/SAT (if applicable) This will give you time to re-take the test in the Fall if you're unhappy with your scores. Start your college app spreadsheet. Get organized! Note application deadlines, questions and essay prompts, costs, and average stats for admitted students to gauge your chances. Also write down any requirements for merit scholarships (like this one)— to give yourself clear targets for your senior year. Draft your main college essay(s). Many colleges are on the Common App, meaning you can choose any of their prompts for your main personal statement. Aim to have your first draft ready before senior year starts.	Gather documents, and sign up for the FAFSA (the federal financial aid form). Although the FAFSA only opens in October, you can get your FSA ID (that is, your username) and password ahead of time. You can also begin gathering other documents you need, like your parents' tax returns. Learn more about financial aid. Once senior year rolls around, you'll be focused on college apps. Get up to speed on the financial aid process now, so you don't accidentally miss deadlines! Psst - This guide might help. Continue applying for scholarships. Students sometimes forget about scholarships during the summer, which means there's usually less competition to actually win! Apply here. Military ROTC scholarships (if applicable) If you're interested in an ROTC scholarship, begin the process now.
Senior Year	Fall	
	Take standardized tests (if applicable) (Re-)take the SAT/ACT, SAT subject tests, and AP Tests. Or consider test-optional colleges. Apply early (or to UC/Cal State system). Most early decision/action deadlines are in November. UC and Cal State apps are due Nov 30.	Complete all your financial aid forms. Fill out the FAFSA. Some states have separate state aid application form. Some colleges require the CSS Profile or a college-specific form. Most funds are first-come, first-served, so apply early. And don't forget about external scholarships!
	Winter	
	Apply for colleges Regular Decision, Popular deadlines are Jan 1, Jan 15, and Mar 1, though some schools have rolling deadlines.	Hear back from any EA/ED applications. If you applied early action/decision, you'll likely get your admissions decision and financial aid offer.
	Spring	
	Hear back and decide on your college! Get your RD admissions decisionsand decide which college you'll attend.	Evaluate your financial aid offer. Possibly write an appeals letter to request additional financial aid.
	Provide additional documentation (if required) If relevant, submit your final high school transcript and your official test scores.	Come up with a plan for any financial gaps. This may include a summer job, student loans, or scholarships.